

## ORTHODONTIC ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT REFERRAL FORM PART 1 – PATIENT DETAILS

\* indicates mandatory field. Please note forms not correctly completed will be returned and not processed 
Referral for advice accepted where clinically justified, not at patient/parent request.

Please include as much information as possible (including any models, radiographs and photographs).

Section 1. Practice / referrer Information - Complete for ALL REFERRALS						
Today's date*	Date of decision to refer*					
Referring GDP name*	GDC number					
Referring GDP	NHS.net address (where					
Signature*	available)					
Practice Referrer						
Address*						
Postcode*	Telephone number*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Section 2. Patient Information - Complete for ALL REFERRALS							
Title*		Cinct No	*		Surname*		
Title.	First Name*		ame ·		Surname .		
Date of Birth*	Age*				Gender*		
Patient Address,							
Postcode*	Telephone (		mobile)*				
NHS number	Patient e-ma			ail address			
Social/Medical history information (including carer):			Current dental/oral health and relevant dental history				
Prevention has been provided in accordance with 'Delivering Be			etter Oral Health To	olkit'			
Bitewing radiographs taken as appropriate & treatment planned/completed							

Section 3: Pre-referral checklist – Complete for ALL REFERRALS (all domains must be ticked unless as outlined below)				
Patient is under 18 years old on the date of referral *				
Relevant are radiographs enclosed (e.g. DPT)				
Patient has stable Oral Health and Oral Hygiene suitable for Orthodontic Treatment#				
Patient is in or close to the Permanent Dentition #				
Patient has not had a previous course of comprehensive NHS Orthodontic Treatment				
* Patients over the age of 18 can be referred to Secondary care for an opinion on multidisciplinary management				
# If unable to tick this box, consider if suitable for referral for advice/early management only, or if more appropriate to delay referral until dental health assured or further dental development has occurred				



Section 4. Referring for advice only/early treatment? - Complete this section									
Trauma risk (Increased overjet with lip trap/incompetent lips)									
Disturbed / abnormal eruption sequence / Supernumerary te				th					
Advice regarding interceptive extr					gnosis)				
Anterior or posterior crossbite with displacement									
Impacted teeth including 'submer	-		lars (or no	rmanai	nt canin	es not na	lnable at	age 10)	
·	ging u	eciduous iiio	nais (oi pe	IIIIaiiei	iii Caiiiii	ies not pa	ilhanie at	age 10)	
Other (MUST give details here):									
Section 5. Referring for comprehensive orthodontic treatment? - Complete this section									
Patient is motivated to undergo C	rthodo	ntic Treatme	ent						
Patient/Parent understand respon	nsibiliti	es including	attending i	regular	appoin	tments			
Patient/Parent understand final e	ligibility	will be dete	ermined by	the Or	thodor	ntist			
Patients main concern/orthodont									
Tatients main concern, or modorit	ic conc								
Section 6: IOTN – Complete for A	LL REFE		e: below is		•	e list)			
IOTN Dental Health Component (DHC)		IOTN 5		IOTN 4	<u> </u>			IOTN 3*	
Unerupted and Impacted/Ectopic Teeth									
Hypodontia, in any one quadrant (not	t 8's)	> 1 tooth mi	ssing $\square$	Only 1	tooth m	nissing			
Overjet		> 9mm		> 6mm	n but <=9	9mm		> 3.5mm but <=6mm With Incompetent Lips	
Reverse overjet (-)		> 3.5mm		> 1mm	n but<3.!	5mm		> 1mm but<3.5mm	
				Masticatory/Speech problems			olems	No Masticatory/Speech pro	oblems
Anterior or posterior buccal Crossbites		> 2mm slide From RCP to I				> 1mm but<2mm slide From RCP to ICP			
Lingual crossbite				No occlusal contact in 1 or both		Trom to to			
S				buccal segments					
Contact point displacements between	١	> 4m			4mm			> 2mm but <4mm	
teeth			100.1				AOD : 2 b . t . 4		
Anterior open bite (AOB)					AOB > 4mm			AOB > 2mm but<4mm	
Increased and complete Overbite			with gingival /palatal trauma without gingival /palatal trauma					auma 🗀	
Alternatively, please provide IOT	-	•	. h . l /f	.11	- i- DO		TA/ A \ .		
* Include Aesthetic Component if								hold for NUC Outbodoutin Tr	
Please note IOTN below 3, or 3 wit	n an ae	stnetic compo	nent of <6	would n	iot meei	tne eligib	ility thresi	noid for NHS Orthodontic Tr	eatment
Section 7. Referring into Seconda	ry Care	2 – Also son	anlata thic	coction	o for all	cacanda	ru cara ra	formals	
Advice only / early referral	iry Care	: - AISO COII	ipiete tilis	3661101	i joi uii	Seconda	ry cure re	jerruis	Ιп
Treatment planning, (for providers with		h an NUS arthodontic contract)			1				Н
				-	_	Covers	iann diaan	anangu/Casial Defermity	
Complex malocclusions /Multidisciplinary orthodontic	Teeth	ıpted and Im	ρατιεά/Ετ	ιορις	Ш	Severe .	jaw aiscre	epancy/Facial Deformity	
treatment.						Cloft Li	n and Dal		
	Hypodontia				Cleft Lip and Palate				
Other/ Further details:									
Section 8 - Referral target – Please read Section 9, prior to making your decision									
(please note: incomplete or inappropriate referrals will be rejected)									
Specialist Practice (Primary care						Enter	name of desired provider	nere:	
Community Dental Service (Primary care) -where available							1	•	
Hospital services (Secondary care)									



Section 9: Referral target guidance – Please read before making a referral:				
Specialist Practice (Primary care)	Patients who are under 18 and in or close to the permanent dentition, who qualify for NHS Orthodontic Treatment (e.g. Any IOTN DHC 4. A small proportion of IOTN DHC 3 qualify when the Aesthetic Component is 6 or greater). Interceptive advice and treatment can also be offered.			
Community Dental Service (Primary care)	Patients meeting the criteria for Primary Care above, but additional priority for patients with problems accessing care due to social, medical or geographic reasons. Please check with your local provider prior to referral.			
Hospital service (Secondary care):	No specific age restrictions. Referrals are accepted for interceptive advice and treatment, and multidisciplinary treatment (e.g. Impacted teeth, hypodontia, skeletally based malocclusions, orthognathic surgery). IOTN 5's are most likely to be considered appropriate for referral to secondary care. Other IOTNs may be accepted if multidisciplinary care is required, or for teaching purposes.			